Grammar Terms

Adjective: a word that modifies a noun or pronoun,

-Answers: Which one? What kind? How much? How many?

Adjective phrase: a group of words (w/out a noun and verb that agree) functioning as an adjective

Adverb: a word that modifies a verb, adjective or adverb

-Answers How? Where? When? To what extent/why?

Adverb phrase: a group of words (w/out a noun and verb that agree) functioning as an adverb

<u>**Clause:</u>** A group of words with a subject and a verb that agree</u>

<u>-Independent clause</u>: can stand alone as a sentence
-Dependent clause: cannot stand alone due to a subordinator

<u>Compound Sentence Parts</u>: Sentence parts made up of more than one part, joined by a conjunction

<u>Conjunction</u>: word(s) used to connect words, phrases and clauses

Declarative Sentence: A sentence expressing a statement. Ends with a period

Direct Object: Who or what receives the action verb's action

Imperative Sentence: A sentence expressing a command. When diagramming the subject, it will be (you) understood or implied.

Interjection: word(s) that express emotion or draw attention but not grammatically connected to other words in the sentence

Interrogative Sentence: A sentence expressing a question.

Noun: a word that represents a person, place, thing or idea

Noun phrase: a group of words (without a noun and verb that agree) functioning as a noun

Predicate: Represents the action or state of being in a sentence, saying something about the subject -A **simple predicate** is the verb(s) / verb phrase only, without modifiers

<u>Predicate Nouns & Predicate Adjectives</u>: nouns or modifiers linked to the subject by a linking verb

Preposition: word(s) that expresses a relationship between words

-Always exists in a phrase, starting with the preposition and ending with its object

-A prepositional phrase can function as an adjective, adverb, or noun.

Pronoun: a word that takes the place of a noun

Subject: Represents who or what is doing the action or experiencing a state of being in a sentence

-A **<u>simple subject</u>** is the subject without any modifiers

<u>Verb</u>: word(s) expressing an action or a state of being

-<u>Action verbs</u> represent actions.

-<u>Linking verbs</u> connect the sentence's subject with an adjective or noun in the predicate. Will be a form of the verb "to be" or can substituted for a form of the verb "to be"

-Helping verbs work with a main verb to create a verb phrase. Do not separate them!